## **ANNUAL SYNAR REPORT**

42 U.S.C. 300x-26

OMB № 0930-0222

**FFY 2023** 

**State: WI** 

## **Table of Contents**

Introduction	i
FFY 2023: Funding Agreements/Certifications.	1
Section I: FFY 2022 (Compliance Progress)	2
Section II: FFY 2023 (Intended Use)	11
Appendix A: Forms 1–5	13
Appendixes B & C: Forms.	20
Appendix B: Synar Survey Sampling Methodology	19
Appendix C: Synar Survey Inspection Protocol Summary	21
Appendix D: List Sampling Frame Coverage Study	25

OMB No. 0930-0222

Expiration Date: 06/30/XXXX

Public Burden Statement: An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control number for this project is 0930-0222. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 18 hours per respondent, per year, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857.

### INTRODUCTION

The Annual Synar Report (ASR) format provides the means for states to comply with the reporting provisions of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300x-26) and the Tobacco Regulation for the Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SABG) (45 C.F.R. 96.130 (e)).

### How the Synar report helps the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention

In accordance with the tobacco regulations, states are required to provide detailed information on progress made in enforcing youth and young adult tobacco access laws (FFY 2022 Compliance Progress) and future plans to ensure compliance with the Synar requirements to reduce youth and young adult tobacco access rates (FFY 2023 Intended Use Plan). These data are required by 42 U.S.C. 300x-26 and will be used by the Secretary to evaluate state compliance with the statute. Part of the mission of the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP) is to assist states<sup>1</sup> by supporting Synar activities and providing technical assistance helpful in determining the type of enforcement measures and control strategies that are most effective. This information is helpful to CSAP in improving technical assistance resources and expertise on enforcement efforts and tobacco control program support activities, including state Synar program support services, through an enhanced technical assistance program involving conferences and workshops, development of training materials and guidance documents, and onsite technical assistance consultation.

### How the Synar report can help states

The information gathered for the Synar report can help states describe and analyze substate needs for program enhancements. These data can also be used to report to the state legislature and other state and local organizations on progress made to date in enforcing youth and young adult tobacco access laws when aggregated statistical data from state Synar reports can demonstrate to the Secretary the national progress in reducing youth and young adult tobacco access problems. This information will also provide Congress with a better understanding of state progress in implementing Synar, including state difficulties and successes in enforcing retailer compliance

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The term "state" is used to refer to all the states and territories required to comply with Synar as part of the Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant Program requirements (42 U.S.C. 300x-64 and 45 C.F.R. 96.121).

with youth and young adult tobacco access laws.

### Getting assistance in completing the Synar report

If you have questions about programmatic issues, you may call CSAP's Division of Primary Prevention at (240) 276-2550 and ask for your respective State Project Officer, or contact your State Project Officer directly by telephone or email. If you have questions about fiscal or grants management issues, you may call your Grants Management Specialist in the Office of Financial Resources, Division of Grants Management, at (240) 276-1422.

### Where and when to submit the Synar report

The ASR must be received by SAMHSA no later than December 31, 2022 and must be submitted in the format specified by these instructions. Use of the approved format will avoid delays in the review and approval process. The chief executive officer (or an authorized designee) of the applicant organization must sign page one of the ASR certifying that the state has complied with all reporting requirements.

The state must upload one copy of the ASR using the online WebBGAS (Block Grant Application System). In addition, the following items must be uploaded to WebBGAS:

- FFY 2023 Synar Survey Results: States that use the Synar Survey Estimation System (SSES) must upload one copy of SSES Tables 1–8 (in Excel) to WebBGAS. Please note that, in the FFY 2023 ASR, SSES will generate Tables 6, 7, and 8, which are based on the optional microdata on product type, retail outlet type, and whether identification was requested. If your state does not submit these optional data, Tables 6, 7, and 8 will be blank. Tables 6, 7, and 8 are generated for the convenience of the state, and states are not required to submit completed versions of Tables 6, 7, or 8. States that do not use SSES must upload one copy of ASR Forms 1, 4, and 5, and Forms 2 and 3, if applicable, (in Excel), as well as a database with the raw inspection data to WebBGAS.
- Synar Inspection Form: States must upload one blank copy of the inspection form used to record the result of each Synar inspection.
- Synar Inspection Protocol: States must upload a copy of the protocol used to train inspection teams on conducting and reporting the results of the Synar inspections. This document should be different than the Appendix C attached to the Annual Synar Report.
- A scanned copy of the signed Funding Agreements/Certifications

Each state SSA Director has been emailed a login ID and password to log onto the Synar section of the WebBGAS site.

### FFY 2023: FUNDING AGREEMENTS/CERTIFICATIONS

The following form must be signed by the Chief Executive Officer or an authorized designee and submitted with this application. Documentation authorizing a designee must be attached to the application.

### PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES ACT AND SYNAR AMENDMENT

42 U.S.C. 300x-26 requires each state to submit an annual report of its progress in meeting the requirements of the Synar Amendment and its implementing regulation (45 C.F.R. 96.130) to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services. By signing below, the chief executive officer (or an authorized designee) of the applicant organization certifies that the state has complied with these reporting requirements and the certifications as set forth below.

#### SYNAR SURVEY SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

The state certifies that the Synar survey sampling methodology on file with the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention and submitted with the Annual Synar Report for FFY 2023 is up-to-date and approved by the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention.

### SYNAR SURVEY INSPECTION PROTOCOL

The state certifies that the Synar Survey Inspection Protocol on file with the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention and submitted with the Annual Synar Report for FFY 2023 is up-to-date and approved by the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention.

State: Wisconsin			
Name	of Chief Executive Officer or Designee: Debra S	Standridge	
Signa	ture of CEO or Designee:		
Title:	Deputy Secretary, Wisconsin Department of Health Services	Date Signed:	
	If signed by a designee, a copy of the o	designation must be attached.	

FFY: 2023

State:	Wisconsin
--------	-----------

## **SECTION I: FFY 2022 (Compliance Progress)**

### YOUTH AND YOUNG ADULT ACCESS LAWS, ACTIVITIES, AND ENFORCEMENT

42 U.S.C. 300x-26 requires the states to report information regarding the sale/distribution of tobacco products to individuals under age 21.

1.	and you state lav	ndicate any changes or additions to the state tobacco statute(s) relating to youth ang adult access since the last reporting year. If any changes were made to the w(s) since the last reporting year, please upload a copy of the state law to AS. (see 42 U.S.C. 300x-26).
	a.	Has there been a change in the minimum sale age for tobacco products?
		☐ Yes ⊠ No
		If Yes, current minimum age: 19 20 21
	<b>b.</b>	Have there been any changes in state law that impact the state's protocol for conducting <i>Synar inspections?</i>
		☐ Yes ⊠ No
		If Yes, indicate change. (Check all that apply.)  Changed to require that law enforcement conduct inspections of tobacco outlets  Changed to make it illegal for youth and young adults to possess, purchase or receive tobacco  Changed to require ID to purchase tobacco  Changed definition of tobacco products  Other change(s) (Please describe.)
	c.	Have there been any changes in state law that impact the following?
		Licensing of tobacco vendors
		Penalties for sales to minors  Vending machines  Added product  Yes  No  No
		categories to youth and young adult access law Yes No
2.		e how the Annual Synar Report (see 45 C.F.R. 96.130(e)) was made public he state prior to submission of the ASR. (Check all that apply.)
		Placed on file for public review
		Posted on a state agency Web site ( <i>Please provide exact Web address and the date ten the FFY 2023 ASR was posted to this Web address.</i> )
		Web address: https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/scaoda/index.htm
		Date published: 12/05/2022
		Notice published in a newspaper or newsletter

		Public hearing
	$\boxtimes$	Announced in a news release, a press conference, or discussed in a media interview
		Distributed for review as part of the SABG application process
		Distributed through the public library system
	$\Box$	Published in an annual register
		Other (Please describe.)
3.	Identify	the following agency or agencies (see 42 U.S.C. 300x-26 and 45 C.F.R. 96.130).
	a.	The state agency(ies) designated by the Governor for oversight of the Synar requirements:
		Wisconsin Department of Health Services
		Has this changed since last year's Annual Synar Report?
		☐ Yes ⊠ No
	b.	The state agency(ies) responsible for conducting random, unannounced Synar inspections:
		Wisconsin Department of Health Services
		Has this changed since last year's Annual Synar Report?
		☐ Yes ⊠ No
	c.	The state agency(ies) responsible for enforcing youth and young adult tobacco access law(s):
		Wisconsin Department of Health Services
		Has this changed since last year's Annual Synar Report?
		☐ Yes ⊠ No
4.		the following agencies and describe their relationship with the agency ible for the oversight of the Synar requirements.
	a.	Identify the state agency responsible for tobacco prevention activities (the agency that receives the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National Tobacco Control Program funding).  Wisconsin Department of Health Services
	b.	Has the responsible agency changed since last year's Annual Synar Report?  ☐ Yes ☐ No
	с.	Describe the coordination and collaboration that occur between the agency responsible for tobacco prevention and the agency responsible for oversight of the Synar requirements. ( <i>Check all that apply.</i> ) The two agencies
		$\boxtimes$ Are the same

	Have a formal written memorandum of agreement
	Have an informal partnership
	Conduct joint planning activities
	Combine resources
	Have other collaborative arrangement(s) ( <i>Please describe</i> .)
	☐ No relationship
d.	Does a state agency contract with the Food and Drug Administration's Center for Tobacco Products (FDA/CTP) to enforce the youth and young adult access and advertising restrictions in the Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act?  Yes No (if no, go to Question 5)
e.	If yes, identify the state agency responsible for enforcing the youth and young adult access and advertising restrictions in the Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act (the agency that is under contract to the Food and Drug Administration's Center for Tobacco Products (FDA/CTP)).  Wisconsin Department of Health Services
f.	Has the responsible agency changed since last year's Annual Synar Report?  ☐ Yes ☐ No
g.	Describe the coordination and collaboration that occur between the agency contracted with the FDA to enforce federal youth and young adult tobacco access laws and the agency responsible for oversight of the Synar requirements. (Check all that apply.) The two agencies:
	Are the same
	Have a formal written memorandum of agreement
	Have an informal partnership
	Conduct joint planning activities
	Combine resources
	Have other collaborative arrangement(s) ( <i>Please describe</i> .)
	☐ No relationship
h.	Does the state use data from the FDA enforcement inspections for Synar survey reporting?  ☐ Yes ☑ No

Please answer the following questions regarding the state's activities to enforce the state's youth and young adult access to tobacco law(s) in FFY 2022 (see 42 $U.S.C.\ 300x-26$ and 45 $C.F.R.\ 96.130(e)$ ).				
	h one of the following describe access to tobacco laws carried		•	·
⊠ Eı	nforcement is conducted exclusive	ely by local law	enforcement a	gencies.
□ E₁	nforcement is conducted exclusive	ely by state agen	cy(ies).	
☐ Eı	nforcement is conducted by both	local and state ag	gencies.	
ENFORCI federal you requested. applicable	adult access to tobacco laws by EMENT AGENCIES (this does of the and young adult tobacco actif state law does not allow for a little in completely.	s not include enfo cess laws). Pleas an item, please n	orcement of loe e fill in the nu nark "NA" (n	ocal laws or umber oot
	PENALTY	OWNERS	CLERKS	TOTAL
Number	of citations issued	UNK	UNK	UNK
Number	of <u>fines assessed</u>	UNK	UNK	UNK
Number	of permits/licenses suspended	UNK		UNK
N7 1	of permits/licenses revoked	UNK		UNK
Number	or <u>permits/ficelises revoked</u>	01,11		
	lease describe.)	01112		

and young adult access to tobacco laws carried out in your state? (Check one category only.)

survey.
Enforcement is conducted only at a subset of outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey.
☐ Enforcement is conducted at a combination of outlets randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey.
Did every tobacco outlet in the state receive at least one compliance check that included enforcement of the state youth and young adult tobacco access law(s) in the last year?
☐ Yes ⊠ No
What additional activities are conducted in your state to support enforcement and compliance with state youth and young adult tobacco access law(s)? (Check all that apply and briefly describe each activity in the text boxes below each activity.)  Merchant education and/or training
Through the state compliance program, Wisconsin Wins, a free on-line retailer training called WITobaccoCheck.org is available to all retailers. The training includes study guides on the law (related to tobacco sales), the sale (how to verify age) and the local partnership (law enforcement and compliance checks). After reviewing study guides, retailers test their knowledge and receive a certificate upon successful completion of training. WITobaccoCheck.org promotional cards are mailed directly to retailers by local contractors. Merchant resources, to include no sales to minors signage and ID reference cards (how to verify age), are distributed. Merchant resources translated into 5 languages (Spanish, Hmong, Somali, Hindi and Arabic) are also available. A majority of the local Wisconsin Wins contracts were focused on merchant education activities as compliance checks were slowly starting up again.
The positive reinforcement component varies, but generally involves public recognition (media or community meeting) and/or a small "gift" for the clerk, such as a water bottle. Thank you cards are awarded to merchants from the local compliance check team. This recognition continued even in the absence of Wisconsin Wins compliance checks.
Community education regarding youth and young adult access laws
Local WI Wins contractors are required to conduct outreach activities that reach community members. These outreach activities may include meetings with local policymakers, law enforcement, business organizations and other community service organizations

Media use to publicize compliance inspection results

Local WI Wins contractors are required to conduct local media activities throughout the year such as press releases, letters to the editor, social media or newsletter articles.

Community mobilization to increase support for retailer compliance with youth and young adult access laws

Local WI Wins contractors partner with youth, law enforcement, and tobacco coalition members to inform the community about youth access laws, conduct compliance checks, and thank retailers who comply with the law.

Other activities (*Please list.*) Tobacco 21 Media Campaign

The statewide media campaign to create awareness of the federal law prohibiting tobacco sales to individuals under the age of 21 continued. The target audiences were retailers and consumers that included online video ads, online display/banner ads, paid social media ads, gas station pump ads, and retailer exterior poster ads.

### SYNAR SURVEY METHODS AND RESULTS

The following questions pertain to the survey methodology and results of the Synar survey used by the state to meet the requirements of the Synar Regulation in FFY 2022 (see 42 U.S.C. 300x-26 and 45 C.F.R. 96.130).

).	Has the sampling methodology changed from the previous year?
	☐ Yes ⊠ No
	The state is required to have an approved up-to-date description of the Synar sampling methodology on file with CSAP. Please submit a copy of your Synar Survey Sampling Methodology (Appendix B). If the sampling methodology changed from the previous reporting year, these changes must be reflected in the methodology submitted.
	a. If yes, describe how and when this change was communicated to SAMHSA
7.	Please answer the following questions regarding the state's annual random, unannounced inspections of tobacco outlets (see 45 C.F.R. $96.130(d)(2)$ ).
	a. Did the state use the optional Synar Survey Estimation System (SSES) to analyze the Synar survey data?
	⊠ Yes □ No
	If <b>Yes</b> , upload a copy of SSES tables 1–8 (in Excel) to WebBGAS. Then go to Question 8. If <b>No</b> , continue to Question 7b.
	b. Report the weighted and unweighted Retailer Violation Rate (RVR) estimates, the standard error, accuracy rate (number of eligible outlets divided by the total number of sampled outlets), and completion rate (number of eligible outlets inspected divided by the total number of eligible outlets).
	Unweighted RVR
	Weighted RVR
	Standard error (s.e.) of the (weighted) RVR
	Fill in the blanks to calculate the $\frac{\text{right limit}}{\text{of the right-sided 95\%}}$ confidence interval.
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	Accuracy rate
	Completion rate

c.	Fill out Form 1 in Appendix A (Forms 1–5). (Required regardless design.)	of the sample
d.	How were the (weighted) RVR estimate and its standard error of (Check the one that applies.)	btained?
	☐ Form 2 (Optional) in Appendix A (Forms 1–5) (Attach completed ☐ Other (Please specify. Provide formulas and calculations or attact the program code and output with description of all variable name.	h and explain
e.	If stratification was used, did any strata in the sample contain outlet or cluster this year?	only one
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ No stratification	
	If Yes, explain how this situation was dealt with in variance estimation	on.
f.	Was a cluster sample design used?	
	☐ Yes ☐ No	
	If <b>Yes</b> , fill out and attach Form 3 in Appendix A (Forms $1-5$ ), and an following question.	swer the
	If No, go to Question 7g.	
	Were any certainty primary sampling units selected this year?	
	☐ Yes ☐ No	
If Yes, explain how the certainty clusters were dealt with in variance estimation		estimation.
g.	Report the following outlet sample sizes for the Synar survey.	
		Sample Size
- 11	Effective sample size (sample size needed to meet the SAMHSA precision requirement assuming simple random sampling)	
- 11	<b>Target sample size</b> (the product of the effective sample size and the design effect)	
	Original sample size (inflated sample size of the target sample to counter the sample attrition due to ineligibility and noncompletion)	
	Eligible sample size (number of outlets found to be eligible in the sample)	
	<b>Final sample size</b> (number of eligible outlets in the sample for which an inspection was completed)	

h. Fill out Form 4 in Appendix A (Forms 1–5).

8.	Did the	state's Synar survey use a list frame?
	⊠ Yes	$\square$ No
	If Yes, a	nswer the following questions about its coverage.
	a.	The calendar year of the latest Sampling frame coverage study: <u>2021</u>
	b.	Percent coverage from the latest Sampling frame coverage study: 92.9 %
	c.	Was a new study conducted in this reporting period?
		□Yes ⊠ No
		If <b>Yes</b> , please complete Appendix D (List Sampling Frame Coverage Study) and submit it with the Annual Synar Report.
	d.	The calendar year of the next coverage study planned: 2026
9.	Has the	Synar survey inspection protocol changed from the previous year?
	☐ Yes	igtimes No
	protocol (Append be reflec	e is required to have an approved up-to-date description of the Synar inspection on file with CSAP. Please submit a copy of your Synar Survey Inspection Protocol lix C). If the inspection protocol changed from the previous year, these changes must eted in the protocol submitted.  If Yes, describe how and when this change was communicated to SAMHSA
	<b>b.</b>	Provide the inspection period: From 6/07/22 to 7/12/22 MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY
	c.	Provide the number of youth and young adult inspectors used in the current inspection year:
		<u>22</u>
		NOTE: If the state uses SSES, please ensure that the number reported in 9b matches that reported in SSES Table 4, or explain any difference.
	А	Fill out and attach Form 5 in Annendix A (Forms 1-5) (Not required if the state

**d.** Fill out and attach Form 5 in Appendix A (Forms 1–5). (Not required if the state used SSES to analyze the Synar survey data.)

### **SECTION II: FFY 2023 (Intended Use):**

Public Law 42 U.S.C. 300x-26 of the Public Health Service Act and 45 C.F.R. 96.130 (e) (4, 5) require that the states provide information on future plans to ensure compliance with the Synar requirements to reduce youth and young adult tobacco access.

1. In the upcoming year, does the state anticipate any changes in:

	Synar sampling methodology <b>Yes No</b>
	Synar inspection protocol $\square$ Yes $\boxtimes$ No
	If changes are made in either the Synar sampling methodology or the Synar inspection protocol, the state is required to obtain approval from CSAP prior to implementation of the change and file an updated Synar Survey Sampling Methodology (Appendix B) or an updated Synar Survey Inspection Protocol (Appendix C), as appropriate.
2.	Please describe the state's plans to maintain and/or reduce the target rate for Synar inspections to be completed in FFY 2023. Include a brief description of plans for law enforcement efforts to enforce youth and young adult tobacco access laws, activities that support law enforcement efforts to enforce youth and young adult tobacco access laws, and any anticipated changes in youth and young adult tobacco access legislation or regulation in the state.
	The Tobacco Prevention and Control Program will continue to issue contracts to local agencies for community-based activities. These activities will include compliance investigations, utilizing a positive reinforcement protocol, law enforcement involvement, promotion of WITobaccoCheck.org, media and community outreach activities. The statewide media/education campaign on the federal tobacco 21 law will continue, which will raise awareness of the federal law among retailers and consumers under 21 years old. The bill to increase the minimum legal sales age from 18 to 21 that was proposed in the last Wisconsin legislative session did not pass. At this time, no new legislation has been proposed.
3.	Describe any challenges the state faces in complying with the Synar regulation. (Check all that apply and describe each challenge in the text box below it.)
	☐ Limited resources for law enforcement of youth and young adult access laws
	While law enforcement involvement is a requirement in the work plan of WI Wins contracting agencies, the level of involvement varies in each community and is dependent on law enforcement resources. Also, local law enforcement do not have authority to enforce federal law.
	Limited resources for activities to support enforcement and compliance with youth and young adult tobacco access laws
	☐ Limitations in the state youth and young adult tobacco access laws
	Current state statutes are preemptive of stronger local laws. Product definitions are not comprehensive nor model language. No license is required to sell nicotine

law enforcement do not have authority to enforce sales not in compliance with federal law.
Limited public support for enforcement of youth and young adult tobacco access laws
☐ Limitations on completeness/accuracy of list of tobacco outlets
Tobacco licenses are issued by local municipality annually. There is no statute requiring local municipalities to submit list of licensed outlets, therefore a collection request must be conducted each year. Vape shops do not require a license to sell electronic smoking devices/e-cigarettes, resulting in no tracking mechanism.
Limited expertise in survey methodology
Laws/regulations limiting the use of minors in tobacco inspections
Difficulties recruiting youth and young adult inspectors
☐ Issues regarding the balance of inspections conducted by youth inspectors age 15 and under
☐ Issues regarding the balance of inspections conducted by one gender of youth and young adult inspectors
Geographic, demographic, and logistical considerations in conducting inspections
Cultural factors (e.g., language barriers, young people purchasing for their elders)
Issues regarding sources of tobacco under tribal jurisdiction
Other challenges ( <i>Please list.</i> ) Pandemic and the MLSA

The pandemic continued to impact our state compliance inspections. Many counties were slow to resume inspections. Those who have resumed have found there is still confusion and underage sales due to the state's minimum legal sales age not aligning with the federal law.

### APPENDIX A: FORMS 1–5

## FORM 1 (Required for all states not using the Synar Survey Estimation System (SSES) to analyze the Synar Survey data)

Complete Form 1 to report sampling frame and sample information and to calculate the unweighted retailer violation rate (RVR) using results from the current year's Synar survey inspections.

**Instructions for Completing Form 1:** In the top right-hand corner of the form, provide the state name and reporting federal fiscal year (FFY 2023). Provide the remaining information by stratum if stratification was used. Make copies of the form if additional rows are needed to list all the strata.

- Column 1: If stratification was used:
  - 1(a) Sequentially number each row.
  - 1(b) Write in the name of each stratum. All strata in the state must be listed.

If no stratification was used:

- 1(a) Leave blank.
- 1(b) Write "state" in the first row (indicates that the whole state is a single stratum).

Note for unstratified samples: For Columns 2–5, wherever the instruction refers to "each stratum," report the specified information for the state as a whole.

- Column 2: 2(a) Report the number of over-the-counter (OTC) outlets in the sampling frame in each stratum.
  - 2(b) Report the number of vending machine (VM) outlets in the sampling frame in each stratum.
  - 2(c) Report the combined total of OTC and VM outlets in the sampling frame in each stratum.
- Column 3: 3(a) Report the estimated number of eligible OTC outlets in the OTC outlet population in each stratum.
  - 3(b) Report the estimated number of eligible VM outlets in the VM outlet population in each stratum.
  - 3(c) Report the combined total estimated number of eligible OTC and VM outlets in the total outlet population in each stratum.

The estimates for Column 3 can be obtained from the Synar survey sample as the weighted sum of eligible outlets by outlet type.

- Column 4: 4(a) Report the number of eligible OTC outlets for which an inspection was completed, for each stratum.
  - 4(b) Report the numbers of eligible VM outlets for which an inspection was completed, for each stratum.
  - 4(c) Report the combined total of eligible OTC and VM outlets for which an inspection was completed, for each stratum.
- Column 5: 5(a) Report the number of OTC outlets found in violation of the law as a result of completed inspections, for each stratum.
  - 5(b) Report the number of VM outlets found in violation of the law as a result of completed inspections, for each stratum.
  - 5(c) Report the combined total of OTC and VM outlets found in violation of the law as a result of completed inspections, for each stratum.
- Totals: For each subcolumn (a–c) in Columns 2–5, provide totals for the state as a whole in the last row of the table. These numbers will be the sum of the numbers in each row for the respective column.

FORM 1 (Required for all states not using the Synar Survey Estimation System [SSES] to analyze the Synar Survey data.)

				Sumn	nary of Sy	nar Inspe	ction Res	ults by St	ratum			State: FFY: <u>2023</u>	
(	(1)		(2)			(3)			(4)			(5)	
STRA	ATUM		ER OF OUT IPLING FR		ELIGI	ATED NUM BLE OUTLI OPULATIO	ETS IN		BER OF OU'		VIOL	OUTLETS FO ATION DU SPECTION	RING
(a) Row #	(b) Stratum Name	(a) Over-the- Counter (OTC)	(b) Vending Machines (VM)	(c) Total Outlets (2a+2b)	(a) Over-the- Counter (OTC)	(b) Vending Machines (VM)	(c) Total Outlets (3a+3b)	(a) Over-the- Counter (OTC)	(b) Vending Machines (VM)	(c) Total Outlets (4a+4b)	(a) Over-the- Counter (OTC)	(b) Vending Machines (VM)	(c) Total Outlets (5a+5b)

RECORD COLUMN TOTALS ON LAST LINE (LAST PAGE ONLY IF MULTIPLE PAGES ARE NEEDED).

#### FORM 2 (Optional)

### Appropriate for stratified simple or systematic random sampling designs.

Complete Form 2 to calculate the weighted RVR. This table (in Excel form) is designed to calculate the weighted RVR for stratified simple or systematic random sampling designs, accounting for ineligible outlets and noncomplete inspections encountered during the annual Synar survey.

**Instructions for Completing Form 2:** In the top right-hand corner of the form, provide the state name and reporting federal fiscal year (FFY 2023).

- Column 1: Write in the name of each stratum into which the sample was divided. These should match the strata reported in Column 1(b) of Form 1.
- Column 2: Report the number of outlets in the sampling frame in each stratum. These numbers should match the numbers reported for the respective strata in Column 2(c) of Form 1.
- Column 3: Report the original sample size (the number of outlets originally selected, *including* substitutes or replacements) for each stratum.
- Column 4: Report the number of sample outlets in each stratum that were found to be eligible during the inspections. Note that this number must be less than or equal to the number reported in Column 3 for the respective strata.
- Column 5: Report the number of eligible outlets in each stratum for which an inspection was completed. Note that this number must be less than or equal to the number reported in Column 4. These numbers should match the numbers reported in Column 4(c) of Form 1 for the respective strata.
- Column 6: Report the number of eligible outlets inspected in each stratum that were found in violation. These numbers should match the numbers reported in Column 5(c) of Form 1 for the stratum.
- Column 7: Form 2 (in Excel form) will automatically calculate the stratum RVR for each stratum in this column. This is calculated by dividing the number of inspected eligible outlets found in violation (Column 6) by the number of inspected eligible outlets (Column 5). The state unweighted RVR will be shown in the Total row of Column 7.
- Column 8: Form 2 (in Excel form) will automatically calculate the estimated number of eligible outlets in the population for each stratum. This calculation is made by multiplying the number of outlets in the sampling frame (Column 2) times the number of eligible outlets (Column 4) divided by the original sample size (Column 3). Note that these numbers will be less than or equal to the numbers in Column 2.
- Column 9: Form 2 (in Excel form) will automatically calculate the relative stratum weight by dividing the estimated number of eligible outlets in the population for each stratum in Column 8 by the Total of the values in Column 8.
- Column 10: Form 2 (in Excel form) will automatically calculate each stratum's contribution to the state weighted RVR by multiplying the stratum RVR (Column 7) by the relative stratum weight (Column 9). The weighted RVR for the state will be shown in the Total row of Column 10.
- Column 11: Form 2 (in Excel form) automatically calculates the standard error of each stratum's RVR (Column 7). The standard error for the state weighted RVR will be shown in the Total row of Column 11.
- TOTAL: For Columns 2–6, Form 2 (in Excel form) provides totals for the state as a whole in the last row of the table. For Columns 7–11, it calculates the respective statistic for the state as a whole.

FORM 2 (Optional) Appropriate for stratified simple or systematic random sampling designs.

#### **Calculation of Weighted Retailer Violation Rate State: FFY:** 2023 (10)(4) (8) N'=N(n1/n)(9) (2) n1 (6) (7) pw Ν Number of (5) p=x/n2Estimated w=N'/Total Stratum (11)X Number of n2 Column 8 (3) Sample Number of Stratum Number of Contribution s.e. (1) Outlets Outlets Number of Outlets Retailer Eligible Relative to State Standard Stratum in Sampling Original Found Outlets Found Violation Outlets in Stratum Weighted Error of Name Frame Sample Size Eligible Inspected in Violation Rate Population Weight RVR Stratum RVR **Total**

- $\,N\,\,$   $\,$  number of outlets in sampling frame
- n original sample size (number of outlets in the original sample)
- n1 number of sample outlets that were found to be eligible
- $n2\,\,$   $\,$  number of eligible outlets that were inspected
- x number of inspected outlets that were found in violation
- p stratum retailer violation rate (p=x/n2)
- N' estimated number of eligible outlets in population (N'=N\*n1/n)
- w relative stratum weight (w=N'/Total Column 8)
- pw stratum contribution to the weighted RVR
- s.e. standard error of the stratum RVR

## FORM 3 (Required when a cluster design is used for all states not using the Synar Survey Estimation System [SSES] to analyze the Synar survey data.)

Complete Form 3 to report information about primary sampling units when a cluster design was used for the Synar survey.

**Instructions for Completing Form 3:** In the top right-hand corner of the form, provide the state name and reporting federal fiscal year (FFY 2023).

Provide information by stratum if stratification was used. Make copies of the form if additional rows are needed to list all the strata.

Column 1: Sequentially number each row.

Column 2: If stratification was used: Write in the name of stratum. All strata in the state must be

listed.

If no stratification was used: Write "state" in the first row to indicate that the whole state

constitutes a single stratum.

Column 3: Report the number of primary sampling units (PSUs) (i.e., first-stage clusters) created for

each stratum.

Column 4: Report the number of PSUs selected in the original sample for each stratum.

Column 5: Report the number of PSUs in the final sample for each stratum.

TOTALS: For Columns 3–5, provide totals for the state as a whole in the last row of the table.

	Summary of Clusters	\$	npled State: FFY: 2023	
(1) Row #	(2) Stratum Name	(3) Number of PSUs Created	(4) Number of PSUs Selected	(5) Number of PSUs in the Final Sample
	Total			

## FORM 4 (Required for all states not using the Synar Survey Estimation System [SSES] to analyze the Synar Survey data)

Complete Form 4 to provide detailed tallies of ineligible sample outlets by reasons for ineligibility and detailed tallies of eligible sample outlets with noncomplete inspections by reasons for noncompletion.

**Instructions for Completing Form 4:** In the top right-hand corner of the form, provide the state name and reporting federal fiscal year (FFY 2023).

Column 1(a): Enter the number of sample outlets found ineligible for inspection by reason for ineligibility. Provide the total number of ineligible outlets in the row marked "Total."

Column 2(a): Enter the number of eligible sample outlets with noncomplete inspections by reason for noncompletion. Provide the total number of eligible outlets with noncomplete inspections in the row marked "Total."

-			
Inspection Tallies b	y Reason	of Ineligibility or Noncompletion	
		State:	
		<b>FFY:</b> 2023	
(1) INELIGIBLE		(2) ELIGIBLE	
Reason for Ineligibility	(a) Counts	Reason for Noncompletion	(a) Counts
Out of business		In operation but closed at time of visit	
Does not sell tobacco products		Unsafe to access	
Inaccessible by youth or young adult		Presence of police	
Private club or private residence		Youth or young adult inspector knows salesperson	
Temporary closure		Moved to new location	
Unlocatable		Drive-thru only/youth or young adult inspector has no driver's license	
Wholesale only/Carton sale only		Tobacco out of stock	
Vending machine broken		Ran out of time	
Duplicate		Other noncompletion reason(s) (Describe.)	
Other ineligibility reason(s) (Describe.)			
Total		Total	

## FORM 5 (Required for all states not using the Synar Survey Estimation System [SSES] to analyze the Synar survey data)

Complete Form 5 to show the distribution of outlet inspection results by age and gender of the youth and young adult inspectors.

**Instructions for Completing Form 5:** In the top right-hand corner of the form, provide the state name and reporting federal fiscal year (FFY 2023).

Column 1: Enter the number of attempted buys by youth and young adult inspector age and gender.

Column 2: Enter the number of successful buys by youth and young adult inspector age and gender.

If the inspectors are age eligible but the gender of the inspector is unknown, include those inspections in the "Other" row. Calculate subtotals for males and females in rows marked "Male Subtotal" and "Female Subtotal." Sum subtotals for Male, Female, and Other and record in the bottom row marked "Total." Verify that that the total of attempted buys and successful buys equals the total for Column 4(c) and Column 5(c), respectively, on Form 1. If the totals do not match, please explain any discrepancies.

	Synar Survey Inspector Charac	teristics
		State:
		<b>FFY:</b> 2023
	(1) Attempted Buys	(2) Successful Buys
Male		
15 years		
16 years		
17 years		
18 years		
19 years		
20 years		
Male Subtotal		
Female		
15 years		
16 years		
17 years		
18 years		
19 years		
20 years		
Female Subtotal		
Other		
Total		

### **APPENDIXES B & C: FORMS**

### Instructions

Appendix B (Sampling Design) and Appendix C (Inspection Protocol) are to reflect the state's CSAP-approved sampling design and inspection protocol. These appendixes, therefore, should generally describe the design and protocol and, with the exception of Question #10 of Appendix B, are not to be modified with year-specific information. Please note that any changes to either appendix must receive CSAP's advance, written approval. To facilitate the state's completion of this section, simply cut and paste the previously approved sampling design (Appendix B) and inspection protocol (Appendix C) and respond to Question #10 of Appendix B to provide the requested information about sample size calculations for the Synar survey conducted in FFY 2022.

### APPENDIX B: SYNAR SURVEY SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

<b>State:</b>	Wisconsin
FFY:	2023

1.	What	tvpe	of	sami	pling	frame	is	used?

☐ List frame (Go to Question 2.)	
☐ Area frame (Go to Question 3.)	
List-assisted area frame (Go to Q	uestion 2.

2. List all sources of the list frame. Indicate the type of source from the list below. Provide a brief description of the frame source. Explain how the lists are updated (method), including how new outlets are identified and added to the frame. In addition, explain how often the lists are updated (cycle). (After completing this question, go to Question 4.)

Use the corresponding number to indicate Type of Source in the table below.

1 – Statewide commercial business list
 2 – Local commercial business list
 4 – Statewide retail license/permit list
 5 – Statewide liquor license/permit list

3 – Statewide tobacco license/permit list 6 – Other

Name of Frame Source	Type of Source	Description	Updating Method and Cycle
Compiled list of local tobacco license lists	6	Wisconsin is a Home Rule State (Wis. Stats. 166). Licensing of liquor and tobacco product distribution is done at the local level. No centralized list of tobacco vendors is available. But under Wisconsin Statute, an annual tobacco retailer license must be obtained from the clerk of the municipality (city, village or town) where the retail activity will be exercised. The renewal date of such a license may be established by the municipality as the date of issuance but it is usually set as July 1 of each year. Licenses are not transferable and must be obtained for each retail premise, including vending machine sites. The DHS polls each of Wisconsin's municipalities and obtains a list of licensed tobacco vendors to compile the frame.	Updated annually through repetition of the polling process.

3.	If an area frame is used,	describe how area	sampling units are	defined and formed.

a. Is any area left out in the formation of the area frame?

	☐ Yes ☐ No
	If <b>Yes,</b> what percentage of the state's population is not covered by the area frame?  ———————————————————————————————————
4.	Federal regulation requires that vending machines be inspected as part of the Synar survey. Are vending machines included in the Synar survey?
	∑ Yes    □ No
	If <b>No</b> , please indicate the reason(s) they are not included in the Synar survey. Please check all that apply.
	☐ State law bans vending machines.
	☐ State law bans vending machines from locations accessible to youth and young adults.
	State has a contract with the FDA and is actively enforcing the vending machine requirements of the Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act.
	Uther (Please describe.)
	If Yes, please indicate how likely it is that vending machines will be sampled.
	<ul> <li>☑ Vending machines are sampled separately to ensure vending machines are included in the sample</li> <li>☑ Vending machines are sampled together with over the counter outlets, so it is possible that no vending machines were sampled, however they are included in the sampling frame and have a non-zero probability of selection</li> </ul>
	Other reasons (Please describe.)
5.	Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)
	Census (STOP HERE: Appendix B is complete.)
	Unstratified statewide sample:
	Simple random sample (Go to Question 9.)
	Systematic random sample (Go to Question 6.)
	Single-stage cluster sample (Go to Question 8.)
	☐ Multistage cluster sample (Go to Question 8.)
	Stratified sample:
	Simple random sample (Go to Question 7.)
	Systematic random sample (Go to Question 6.)
	Single-stage cluster sample (Go to Question 7.)
	☐ Multistage cluster sample (Go to Question 7.)
	Other (Please describe and go to Question 9.)
6.	<b>Describe the systematic sampling methods.</b> (After completing Question 6, go to Question 7 if stratification is used. Otherwise go to Question 9.)

	a.	Provide a full description of the strata that are created.
		A. County codes are assigned to all outlets.
		B. Counties are stratified into 5 strata; the same 5 used in Wisconsin's coverage study that are determined by population of county.
		1. Counties: 500,000 or more residents 2 Counties
		2. Counties: 499,999 - 150,000 residents 7 counties
		3. Counties: 149,999 - 50,000 residents 20 counties
		4. Counties: 49,999 - 20,000 residents 23 counties
		5. Counties: Less than 20,000 residents 20 counties
		C. Do a Probability Proportional Sample (PPS), using total county population by taking a random sample of outlets within each of the 5 strata that is proportional to the overall population of the counties.
	b.	Is clustering used within the stratified sample?
		Yes (Go to Question 8.)
		$ \overline{\boxtimes}$ No (Go to Question 9.)
8	Provide	the following information about clustering.
0.	TTOVIGE	the following information about clustering.
	ล	Provide a full description of how clusters are formed (If multistage clusters are
	a.	<b>Provide a full description of how clusters are formed.</b> (If multistage clusters are used, give definitions of clusters at each stage.)
	a.	
		Specify the sampling method (simple random, systematic, or probability proportional to size sampling) for each stage of sampling and describe how the
9.	b.	Specify the sampling method (simple random, systematic, or probability proportional to size sampling) for each stage of sampling and describe how the
9.	b. Provide	Specify the sampling method (simple random, systematic, or probability proportional to size sampling) for each stage of sampling and describe how the method(s) is (are) implemented.  the following information about determining the Synar Sample.
9.	b.	Specify the sampling method (simple random, systematic, or probability proportional to size sampling) for each stage of sampling and describe how the method(s) is (are) implemented.
9.	b. Provide	Specify the sampling method (simple random, systematic, or probability proportional to size sampling) for each stage of sampling and describe how the method(s) is (are) implemented.  the following information about determining the Synar Sample.  Was the Synar Survey Estimation System (SSES) used to calculate the sample size?  Yes (Respond to part b.)
9.	b. Provide	Specify the sampling method (simple random, systematic, or probability proportional to size sampling) for each stage of sampling and describe how the method(s) is (are) implemented.  the following information about determining the Synar Sample.  Was the Synar Survey Estimation System (SSES) used to calculate the sample size?
9.	b. Provide a.	Specify the sampling method (simple random, systematic, or probability proportional to size sampling) for each stage of sampling and describe how the method(s) is (are) implemented.  the following information about determining the Synar Sample.  Was the Synar Survey Estimation System (SSES) used to calculate the sample size?  Yes (Respond to part b.)
9.	b. Provide a.	Specify the sampling method (simple random, systematic, or probability proportional to size sampling) for each stage of sampling and describe how the method(s) is (are) implemented.  the following information about determining the Synar Sample.  Was the Synar Survey Estimation System (SSES) used to calculate the sample size?  Yes (Respond to part b.)  No (Respond to part c and Question 10c.)

7. Provide the following information about stratification.

- c. Provide the formulas for determining the effective, target, and original outlet sample sizes.
- 10. Provide the following information about sample size calculations for the Synar survey conducted in FFY 2022.
  - a. If the state uses the sample size formulas embedded in the SSES Sample Size Calculator to calculate the state level sample size, please provide the following information:

### **Inputs for Effective Sample Size:**

RVR: 14.1% (Weighted RVR)

Frame Size: 6652

### **Input for Target Sample Size:**

Design Effect: 1

### **Inputs for Original Sample Size:**

Safety Margin: 35%

Accuracy (Eligibility) Rate: 80%

Completion Rate: 90%

- b. If the state uses the sample size formulas embedded in the SSES Sample Size Calculator to calculate the stratum level sample sizes, please provide the stratum level information:
- c. If the state does not use the sample size formulas embedded in the SSES Sample Size Calculator, please provide all inputs required to calculate the effective, target, and original sample sizes as indicated in Question 9.

Per March 2020 discussion with SAMHSA about the input values reported in the FY2020 ASR, we determined we would start using the previous year's data as the input values we use for the SSES calculator. We do not actually use the sample size output from the SSES calculator but run it every year to confirm that it is less than our more conservative sample size of 1100 vendors. Given that, the changes we made to SSES calculator input values do not actually affect the total vendors in our final sample.

## APPENDIX C: SYNAR SURVEY INSPECTION PROTOCOL SUMMARY

		State:	Wisconsin
		FFY:	2023
In	spection	ad to WebBGAS a copy of the Synar inspection form und Form" and a copy of the protocol used to train inspection he results of the Synar inspections under the heading "Sy	n teams on conducting and
1.	How do	oes the state Synar survey protocol address the followin	ng?
	a.	Consummated buy attempts?	
		<ul><li></li></ul>	)
	b.	Youth and young adult inspectors to carry ID?	
		<ul><li>☐ Required</li><li>☐ Permitted under specified circumstances (Describe:</li><li>☐ Not permitted</li></ul>	)
	c.	Adult inspectors to enter the outlet?	
	ad the	Required Permitted under specified circumstances (Describe: 1 serve the retail establishment and make a decision regarding sa ult should enter the establishment first and determine if an inspective event of any problems during the inspection, the adult should entify themselves and explain the work that is being done.))	fety. If there is a question, the ection should be made. 2. In
		☐ Not permitted	
	d.	Youth and young adult inspectors to be compensated  ☐ Required ☐ Permitted under specified circumstances (Describe: ☐ Not permitted	?
2.	•	y the agency(ies) or entity(ies) that actually conduct the nspections of tobacco outlets. (Check all that apply.)	e random, unannounced
		Law enforcement agency(ies)	
		State or local government agency(ies) other than law enf Private contractor(s)	orcement
	$\bowtie$	Other	

3.	Are Synar inspections combined with law enforcement efforts (i.e., do law enforcement representatives issue warnings or citations to retailers found in violation of the law at the time of the inspection?)?
	☐ Always ☐ Usually ☐ Sometimes ☐ Rarely ☒ Never
4.	Describe the type of tobacco products that are requested during Synar inspections.
	a. What type of tobacco products are requested during the inspection?
	<ul> <li>☐ Cigarettes</li> <li>☐ Small Cigars</li> <li>☐ Cigarillos</li> <li>☐ Smokeless Tobacco</li> <li>☐ Electronic Cigarettes/Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems (ENDS)</li> <li>☐ Other</li> <li>b. Describe the protocol for identifying what types of products and what brands</li> </ul>
	of products are requested during an inspection.
	All outlets will be assigned to one tobacco product (cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, cigarillos, or disposable e-cigarettes). To the extent possible based on the outlet names, certain types of outlets will be assigned to the product they are most likely to sell (for example, outlets that appear to be cigar shops will be assigned to cigarillos). The remaining outlets will be randomly assigned to a tobacco product. The purchaser will first attempt to purchase the tobacco product assigned to that outlet. If the retailer does not sell the tobacco product assigned for that outlet, the purchaser can request cigarettes or another product. Underage purchasers are permitted to request any brand, although the training includes examples of brands for the different products.

### 5a. Describe the methods used to recruit, select, and train adult supervisors.

Regional boundaries were strategically drawn based on ability to recruit adults and minors, area coverage and number of inspection points per region. The number of regions varies from year to year for two reasons: (1) the number of outlets selling tobacco in Wisconsin changes each year and (2) the sample of retailers checked for the Synar Survey is randomly drawn each year. Initially the state was set to be divided into 10 regions based on the anticipated hiring group, but due to significant staffing issues immediately before the training and throughout the field period, the state was divided into 7 regions.

The project director re-hired majority of supervisors who had participated in the previous year's survey or other field projects. Thorough applications were filled out and extensive interviews were conducted via telephone. Background checks were completed with the Department of Justice and references were called.

The project director conducted a 4-1/2 hour virtual training session for inspection teams in each of the regions. Representatives from the DHS were also in attendance, to ensure that

questions were answered and procedures were clearly understood. An agenda was developed and followed closely to prevent any inconsistencies in information or protocol given to the various inspection teams. The training included the following agenda:

- 1. Hiring Paperwork
- 2. Introductions
- 3. Synar Background
- 4. Introduction to the Manual
- 5. Purchase Attempt & Tablet
- 6. Tablet
- 7. Training the Minors
  - -Overview & Manual
  - Role Playing & scripts
- 8. Mailing Tobacco
- 9. Timesheet/Expense Overview
- 10. COVID-19 Safety Guidelines
- 11. Materials Overview
- 12. End of Project Protocols

# 5b. Describe the methods used to recruit, select, and train youth and young adult inspectors.

Youth inspectors (age 16 to 20) were recruited and trained by the supervisors, with an emphasis placed on attempting to recruit racial minorities for each group and a balance in gender and age. The training for youth inspectors involves a thorough explanation of the protocol with opportunities to do role plays for different situations.

6. Are there specific legal or procedural requirements instituted by the state to address the issue of youth and young adult inspectors' immunity when conducting inspections?

a.	Legal	

X	Yes	No

(If **Yes**, please describe.)

Inspection protocols were developed by the DPH per federal guidelines provided by the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention.

In October 1999, Wisconsin Act 9 was passed into law. Wisconsin Act 9, the State Biennial Budget Bill created Chapter 254, Subchapter IX, "Investigations of the Sale or Gift of Cigarettes or Tobacco Products to Minors." This statute provides regulatory standards for conducting compliance investigations including on-site protocol and reporting requirements. Chapter 254, Subchapter IX, Wis. Stats., was amended with 2001 Wisconsin Act 75.

Specifically, the following language addresses the issue of youth inspectors' immunity when conducting inspections:

(b) A person under 18 year of age, but not under 15 years of age, may buy, attempt to buy or possess any cigarette, nicotine product, or tobacco product in the

	course of his or her participation in an investigation under s. 254.916 that is conducted in accordance with s. 254.916 (3).
b.	Procedural
	⊠ Yes □ No
	(If <b>Yes</b> , please describe.)
	In the event of any problems, the adult supervisor will enter the store immediately, identify him or herself, explain the work they are conducting and show the letter from the State authorizing Synar survey activity.
the issue	re specific legal or procedural requirements instituted by the state to address e of the safety of youth and young adult inspectors during all aspects of the aspection process?
a.	Legal
	⊠ Yes □ No
	(If Yes, please describe.)
	In October 1999, Wisconsin Act 9 was passed into law. Wisconsin Act 9, the State Biennial Budget Bill, created Chapter 254, Subchapter IX, "Investigations of the Sale or Gift of Cigarettes or Tobacco Products to Minors." This statute provides regulatory standards for conducting compliance investigations, including on-site protocol and reporting requirements.
	Sec. 254.916, Wis. Stats., provides for youth safety by requiring that the minor have permission from his or her parent or legal guardian, that the minor be allowed to conduct this act only for the purpose of conducting a compliance investigation, that the minor be directly supervised by an adult employee or a governmental regulatory authority, and that the minor have prior written permission from a governmental regulatory authority or district attorney.
b.	Procedural
	⊠ Yes □ No
	(If <b>Yes</b> , please describe.)
	Responsibilities and Protocols for Adult Supervisors
	Adult supervisors will do all of the driving.
	• Vehicles must be parked in a location where survey participants can exit and enter the vehicle safely, but not within view of the retail outlet personnel.
	• The adult supervisor will obtain a preliminary view of the retail establishment and make a decision regarding safety. If there is any question, the adult will enter the establishment first and determine if an inspection should be made. The adult might go in under the pretense of using the phone, etc., so as not to alert the retail

**7.** Are

employee. If the outlet or neighborhood appears unsafe to either the youth or the adult supervisor, the youth will not enter.

- The adult supervisor will maintain visual surveillance of the youth survey team members as they enter, and will be prepared to intervene if a problem arises.
- •In the event of any problems, the adult supervisor will enter the store immediately, identify him- or herself, explain the work they are conducting, and show the letter from the State authorizing Synar survey activity.
- The adult supervisor will allow time for a debriefing after each attempt and at the end of the day, encouraging the youth to process their feelings about successful and unsuccessful purchases.

Responsibilities and Precautions for Youth Participants

- Youth survey teams will be composed of two participants. Both youth will enter the retail outlet together for each inspection. One will make the purchase attempt, and the other will be an observer.
- Both members will have the "Letter of Authorization" with them at all times.
- Observer Role:
- The observer will keep other youth (purchaser) in view at all times.
- If the purchaser appears to be having a problem or an experience that in any way seems unsafe, the observer will notify the adult supervisor immediately so he/she can intervene.
- The observer will leave the store with the purchaser.
- Both youth survey team members will leave the store immediately if the situation appears unsafe or feels uncomfortable.
- 8. Are there any other legal or procedural requirements the state has regarding how inspections are to be conducted (e.g., age of youth and young adult inspector, time of inspections, training that must occur)?

ì.	Legal
	⊠ Yes □ No
	(If <b>Yes</b> , please describe.)

In October 1999, Wisconsin Act 9 was passed into law. Wisconsin Act 9, the state Biennial Budget Bill, created Chapter 254 Subchapter IX, "Investigations of the Sale or Gift of Cigarettes or Tobacco Products to Minors." This statute provides regulatory standards for conducting compliance investigations, including on-site protocol and reporting requirements.

Sec. 254.916 (2), Wis. Stats., specifies that a minor be "under 18 years of age, but not under 15 years of age" to legally conduct compliance investigations.

Sec. 254.916 (3), Wis. Stats., states that "All of the following, unless otherwise specified, apply in conducting investigations under this section:

- (a) If questioned about his or her age during the course of an investigation, the minor shall state his or her true age.
- (b) A minor may not be used for the purpose of an investigation at a retail outlet at which the minor is a regular customer.
- (c) The appearance of a minor may not be materially altered so as to indicate greater age.
- (d) A photograph or videotape of the minor shall be made before or after the investigation or series of investigations on the day of the investigation or investigations. If a prosecution results from an investigation, the photograph or videotape shall be retained until the final disposition of the case.

#### b. Procedural

$\nabla A$	<b>T</b> 7	TAT.
$I \times I$	YPS	 -NO

(If **Yes**, please describe.)

#### **General Rules and Guidelines**

- -The survey team will consist of one adult supervisor and two youth participants, aged 17-20 (one purchaser and one observer).
- -Survey teams will inspect only those retail outlets provided. If a retail outlet is closed, or if conditions are unsafe for inspecting, the adult supervisor will note this information on the data collection tablet, with an explanation as to why the inspection was not completed.
- -The data collection tablet must remain in the vehicle with the adult supervisor and be completed after the purchase attempt is completed. The data collection tablet is not to be taken into the retail outlet.
- -The inspection will not be conducted if the retail site or area is perceived as unsafe by adult supervisors or minors.
- -The goal of the survey is to provide an accurate reflection of sale to minors, rather than to persuade the employee to sell. Team members will be honest and straightforward.
- -This survey project is CONFIDENTIAL. Information and experiences will be discussed only within the team.
- -Survey team members must wear seat belts and obey all traffic laws.

### **Responsibilities and Protocols for Adult Supervisors**

- -Adult supervisors will do all of the driving.
- -Vehicles must be parked in a location where survey participants can exit and enter the vehicle safely, but not within view of the retail outlet personnel.

- -The adult supervisor will obtain a preliminary view of the retail establishment and make a decision regarding safety. If there is any question, the adult will enter the establishment first and determine if an inspection should be made. The adult might go in under the pretense of using the phone, etc., so as not to alert the retail employee. If the outlet or neighborhood appears unsafe to either the youth or the adult supervisor, the youth will not enter.
- -The adult supervisor will maintain visual surveillance of the youth survey team members as they enter, and will be prepared to intervene if a problem arises.
- -In the event of any problems, the adult supervisor will enter the store immediately, identify him- or herself, explain the work they are conducting, and show the letter from the State authorizing Synar survey activity.
- -If the purchase is made, the adult supervisor will label the tobacco product with a date and store ID number and place it in the plastic bag provided.
- -The adult supervisor will complete the data collection form based on the information given by the youth survey team members after each inspection attempt.
- -The adult supervisor will allow time for a debriefing after each attempt and at the end of the day, encouraging the youth to process their feelings about successful and unsuccessful purchases.

### **Responsibilities and Precautions for Youth Participants**

- -Youth survey teams will be composed of two participants. Both youth will enter the retail outlet together for each inspection. One will make the purchase attempt, and the other will be an observer.
- -Both members will have the "Letter of Authorization" with them at all times.

#### **Observer Role:**

- -The observer will keep other youth (purchaser) in view at all times.
- -If the purchaser appears to be having a problem or an experience that in any way seems unsafe, the observer will notify the adult supervisor immediately so he/she can intervene.
- -The observer will make a mental note of whether or not the outlet has a warning sign, and note the type and location of the sign.
- -The observer will note the gender and approximate age of the employee.
- -The observer will leave the store with the purchaser.

### **Survey Team Role:**

- -Survey team members will have enough money to make the purchase, including the appropriate amount of change, in case a purchase must be made from a vending machine.
- -Once inside, the youth survey team should quickly locate the tobacco product.

- -Survey team members will act naturally.
- -Survey team members will dress as usual. The intention is not to fool the retail employee, but to present themselves in a normal manner.
- -Both youth survey team members will leave the store immediately if the situation appears unsafe or feels uncomfortable.
- -If a friend or someone known to either survey team member works or is present in the retail site, the team will exit the store without attempting to make a tobacco purchase.

### **Purchaser Role:**

- -A tobacco type will be assigned to the vendor. If that type is not available, ask for cigarettes or another product.
- -If tobacco is available in open, unlocked displays, the purchaser should pick up the item and place it on the counter.
- -If tobacco is available only through a clerk-assisted sale (e.g., behind the counter or in a locked case), then the purchaser should request the specific type and brand of product.
- -If the tobacco is available both in open, unlocked displays and behind the counter, the purchaser should try to pick up the item from the open, unlocked displays.
- -If the location sells tobacco both over the counter and from vending machines, the purchaser should attempt to make the purchase from the vending machine.
- -Team members must be truthful at all times. If asked their age, team members must honestly state their actual age.
- -Team members will NOT carry identification into the retail outlet. If asked for age identification, team members should say, "I don't have any."
- -If asked who the tobacco is for, the purchaser should respond, "For me."
- -It is very important that no survey team member entice a sale or in any way encourage the sales clerk to make the sale.
- -Once the clerk has completed the sale, the purchaser should pay for the product and leave the store immediately.
- -Information about the sale (or nonsale) will be recorded by the adult supervisor, who will then collect the purchased tobacco and place a label on it identifying the location and date of the purchase.

For vending machines, if a machine is operated with tokens or controlled by a locking device, the purchaser should initiate the steps required for a sale. He or she should purchase tokens or ask the clerk to turn on the vending machine. If the clerk requests ID or age, the youth will respond as stated above for over-the-counter sales.

## APPENDIX D: LIST SAMPLING FRAME COVERAGE STUDY

(LIST FRAME ONLY)

	State: Wisconsin
	<b>FFY:</b> 2023
Calenda	ar year of the coverage study:
a. b.	Unweighted percent coverage found:% Weighted percent coverage found:%
c. d.	Number of outlets matched on the list frame:  Number of outlets matched on the list frame:
a.	Describe how areas were defined. (e.g., census tracts, counties, etc.)
b.	Were any areas of the state excluded from sampling?
	☐ Yes ☐ No
Please a	If Yes, please explain.  nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.
Please a	
	nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.
	nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.  Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)  Census (Go to Question 6.)  Unstratified statewide sample:
	nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.  Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)  Census (Go to Question 6.)  Unstratified statewide sample:  Simple random sample (Respond to Part b.)
	nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.  Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)  Census (Go to Question 6.)  Unstratified statewide sample:  Simple random sample (Respond to Part b.)  Systematic random sample (Respond to Part b.)
	nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.  Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)  Census (Go to Question 6.)  Unstratified statewide sample:  Simple random sample (Respond to Part b.)  Systematic random sample (Respond to Part b.)  Single-stage cluster sample (Respond to Parts b and d.)
	nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.  Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)  Census (Go to Question 6.)  Unstratified statewide sample:  Simple random sample (Respond to Part b.)  Systematic random sample (Respond to Part b.)
	nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.  Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)  Census (Go to Question 6.)  Unstratified statewide sample:  Simple random sample (Respond to Part b.)  Systematic random sample (Respond to Part b.)  Single-stage cluster sample (Respond to Parts b and d.)  Multistage cluster sample (Respond to Parts b and d.)
	nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.  Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)  Census (Go to Question 6.)  Unstratified statewide sample:  Simple random sample (Respond to Part b.)  Systematic random sample (Respond to Part b.)  Single-stage cluster sample (Respond to Parts b and d.)  Multistage cluster sample (Respond to Parts b and d.)  Stratified sample:
	nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.  Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)  Census (Go to Question 6.)  Unstratified statewide sample:  Simple random sample (Respond to Part b.)  Systematic random sample (Respond to Part b.)  Single-stage cluster sample (Respond to Parts b and d.)  Multistage cluster sample (Respond to Parts b and d.)  Stratified sample:  Simple random sample (Respond to Parts b and c.)  Systematic random sample (Respond to Parts b and c.)  Systematic random sample (Respond to Parts b and c.)  Single-stage cluster sample (Respond to Parts b, c, and d.)
	nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.  Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)  Census (Go to Question 6.)  Unstratified statewide sample:  Simple random sample (Respond to Part b.)  Systematic random sample (Respond to Parts b.)  Multistage cluster sample (Respond to Parts b and d.)  Stratified sample:  Simple random sample (Respond to Parts b and c.)  Systematic random sample (Respond to Parts b and c.)  Systematic random sample (Respond to Parts b and c.)

b. Describe the sampling methods.

	c.	Provide a full description of the strata that were created.
	d.	Provide a full description of how clusters were formed.
5.	Were bo	orders of the selected areas clearly identified at the time of canvassing?
6.	Were al	I sampled areas visited by canvassing teams?
		(Go to Question 7.) $\square$ <b>No</b> (Respond to Parts a and b.)
	a.	Was the subset of areas randomly chosen?
		☐ Yes ☐ No
	<b>b.</b>	Describe how the subsample of visited areas was drawn. Include the number of areas sampled and the number of areas canvassed.
7.	☐ Yes	eld observers provided with a detailed map of the canvassing areas?  No escribe the canvassing instructions given to the field observers.
8.	☐ Yes  If No, re  If Yes, de	eld observers instructed to find all outlets in the assigned area?  No  spond to Question 9. escribe any instructions given to the field observers to ensure the entire area was ed, then go to Question 10.
9.	a.	Canvassing was not conducted:  How many predetermined outlets were to be observed in each area?  What were the starting points for each area?
		What were the starting points for each area? Were these starting points randomly chosen?
	с.	Yes No
	Ą	Describe the selection of the starting points.
	u.	Describe the selection of the starting points.

	e.	Please describe the canvassing instructions given to the field observers, including predetermined routes.
10. De	escrib	e the process field observers used to determine if an outlet sold tobacco.
	_	rovide the state's definition of "matches" or "mismatches" to the Synar g frame? (i.e., address, business name, business license number, etc.)
12. Pr	rovide	the calculation of the weighted percent coverage (if applicable).